

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 1

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Identification of the Avient Colorants Canada Inc.

company: 2 Lone Oak Court

Toronto, Ontario, M9C 5R9 Telephone No.: +1 514-832-2559

Information of the substance/preparation:

Product Stewardship

e-mail: SDS.NORAMMB@avient.com

Emergency tel. number: +1 CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

Trade name: RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Material number: CV54800028

Chemical family: Colourant preparation

Carrier: PVC

Primary product use: Additive for plastic material processing

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified:

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Colourant preparation

Carrier: PVC

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Copper, [29H,31H-	68411-06-3	
phthalocyaninato(2-)-		0.1 - 1
N29,N30,N31,N32]-, (1,3-dihydro-1,3-		0.1 - 1
dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl derivs.		
C.I. Pigment Black 7	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1
Limestone	1317-65-3	0.1 - 1
C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1	147-14-8	1 - 5
C.I. Pigment White 6	13463-67-7	1 - 5
Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-	15571-58-1	1 - 5



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 2

Substance key: 000000747658	Revision Date: 09/19/2020
Version: 1 - 2 / CDN	Date of printing :04/07/2022

ethylhexylthioglycolate)		
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	60 - 80

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and by the Canadian WHMIS 2015 Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)., The hazardous ingredients of this product are encapsulated, therefore the material is not GHS classified for health and environmental hazards as exposure is not expected., Any concentration shown as a range is due to batch variation.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled Move the victim to fresh air.

> Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Get immediate medical advice/ attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

In case of skin contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes.

In case of burns apply cold water until pain subsides then

seek medical advice.

Burns must be treated by a physician.

If molten polymer contact the skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical attention for thermal burn. Skin absorption of

reground pellets is unlikely.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, In case of eye contact

for at least 15 minutes.

Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and

persists.

If swallowed Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Get medical advice/ attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

The possible symptoms known are those derived from the

labelling (see section 2).

No additional symptoms are known.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet



Page 3

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Specific hazards during

firefighting

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Hydrogen chloride Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2) Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that

dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

Sulphur oxides

Further information : Combustible material

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid dust formation.

Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Take up uncontaminated material and pass on for further

processing.

After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Advice on safe handling : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 4

Substance key: 000000747658 Revision Date: 09/19/2020 Version: 1-2/CDN Date of printing:04/07/2022

Use only with adequate ventilation/personal protection.

For personal protection see section 8. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

When handling hot melts use suitable protective clothing. Avoid dust formation. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Lead off electrostatic charges.

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Conditions for safe storage

Protect from moisture.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Further information on storage conditions

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container

sealed when not in use.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Materials to avoid not required

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1	147-14-8	TWA	1 mg/m3 (Copper)	NIOSH REL
Copper, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]-, (1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl derivs.	68411-06-3	TWA	1 mg/m3 (Copper)	NIOSH REL
C.I. Pigment Black 7	1333-86-4	TWA	3.5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Inhalable)	3 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	3.5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (total dust)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	TWA (Respirable)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV (total dust)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 5

Substance key: 000000747658	Revision Date: 09/19/2020
Version: 1 - 2 / CDN	Date of printing :04/07/2022

C.I. Pigment White 6	13463-67-7	TWA	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Total	10 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		dust)		
		TWA	3 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		(respirable		
		dust fraction)		
		TWAEV	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		(total dust)		

Engineering measures : Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust

ventilation.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery and at

places where dust can be generated.

Use engineering controls such as local or general exhaust to maintain airborne concentrations below exposure limits.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators following

manufacturer's recommendations where dust or fume may be

generated.

Use respiratory protective equipment when using this product

at elevated temperatures (see section 8).

Hand protection

Remarks : Nitrile rubber gloves. Impervious butyl rubber gloves PVC

Neoprene gloves When handling hot material, use heat

resistant gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Skin and body protection : Wear protective clothing, including long sleeves and gloves,

to prevent skin contact.

When handling hot melts use suitable protective clothing.

Hygiene measures : The usual Industrial Hygiene precautions must be taken

during work, in particular: do not drink, eat or smoke during the handling of the product and clean hands and face during

work intervals and after work.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Granules

Colour : blue

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : Not applicable

pH : Not applicable



Page 6

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Substance key: 000000747658 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

Version : 1 - 2 / CDN Date of printing :04/07/2022

Melting point : > 70 °C

Boiling point : Not applicable

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : not determined

Self-ignition : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / upper

flammability limit

not tested.

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

not tested.

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : not available

Density : not tested.

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

This property is not applicable for mixtures.

Decomposition temperature : > 200 °C

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : no data available

no data available

Oxidizing properties : not available

Surface tension : Not relevant

Particle size : Product specific



Page 7

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability : Stable

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Lithium

Conditions to avoid : To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Heating can release hazardous gases.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other sources

of ignition.

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust

concentrations in air.

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Incompatible materials : none

None.

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

When handled and stored appropriately, no dangerous

decomposition products are known

The product does not contain any chemical groups which suggest self-reactive properties, nor is the estimated SADT less than 75 °C, nor is the exothermic decomposition energy

higher than 300 J/g.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

None known.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 10,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: no

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat): > 0.0046 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist



Page 8

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 GLP: No information available.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: not required

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 6,400 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: no

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: no data available

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: no

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: internal test Test substance: other TS

GLP: no

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

GLP: no

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 3.4 - 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

GLP: no

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: not required

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Not applicable

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes



Page 9

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Polyvinyl chloride:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Not relevant

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Not relevant

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Result: No skin irritation

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Species: Rabbit

Exposure time: 4 - 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

GLP: no

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Species: Rabbit Exposure time: 20 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

GLP: no

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Species: Rabbit Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

GLP: no

Polyvinyl chloride:

Remarks: This information is not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Result: No eye irritation

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

GLP: no

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP: no

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Species: rabbit eye Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 GLP: No information available.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Species: rabbit eye Result: non-irritant Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP: yes

Polyvinyl chloride:

Remarks: This information is not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Result: non-sensitizing

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

GLP: yes

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Dermal

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

GLP: yes

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Page 10



Page 11

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Revision Date: 09/19/2020

Substance key: 000000747658 Version: 1-2/CDN Date of printing :04/07/2022

Exposure routes: Dermal Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

GLP: yes

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Dermal

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Result: Not a skin sensitizer. GLP: No information available.

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Dermal Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

GLP: yes

Test Type: Respiratory system

Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Species: Mouse Method: Other

Result: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.

GLP: No information available.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Test Type: Guinea pig maximization test

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

GLP: yes

Polyvinyl chloride:

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Result: not known

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes



Page 12

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: Rodent cell line Metabolic activation: without Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: positive

GLP: No information available.

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Concentration: 20 - 10000 µg/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: no

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Concentration: 25 - 5000 μg/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: No information available.

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster cells Concentration: 750 - 3000 µg/ml

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: Other Result: negative

GLP: No information available.

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: rat hepatocytes Method: OECD Test Guideline 482

Result: negative GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Strain: C57BL/6 x DBA/2

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 484



Page 13

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Result: negative

GLP: No information available.

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Hamster (male and female)

Cell type: Bone marrow cells Application Route: oral (gavage)

Exposure time: 48 h

Dose: 1250 - 2500 - 5000 mg/kg

Method: Other Result: negative

GLP: No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects, In vitro tests did

not show mutagenic effects

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Concentration: 333 - 5000 µg/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli Concentration: 333 - 5000 µg/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Strain: ICR

Cell type: Erythrocytes

Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: single treatment
Dose: 500 - 1000 - 2000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative GLP: yes

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects, In vivo tests did

not show mutagenic effects

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells Concentration: 0,006 - 100 µg/ml

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 14

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Result: negative GLP: yes

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Concentration: 150 - 12150 µg/ml

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: no

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosome Aberration Test

Species: Mouse (male and female) Cell type: Bone marrow cells Application Route: oral (gavage)

Exposure time: 30 h

Dose: 2250 - 4500 - 9000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

GLP: No information available. Test substance: other TS

Test Type: Chromosome Aberration Test Species: Mouse (male and female)

Strain: CD1

Cell type: Bone marrow cells Application Route: oral (gavage)

Exposure time: 72 h

Dose: 2250 - 4500 - 9000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

GLP: No information available. Test substance: other TS

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

It is concluded that the product is not mutagenic based on

evaluation of several mutagenicity tests.

Polyvinyl chloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: Not applicable

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Remarks: Carbon Black should not be classified for carcinogenicity according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals. Human health studies show that exposure to carbon black does not increase the risk of carcinogenicity. Studies in laboratory animals show that lung tumors are induced in rats as a result of repeated exposure to inert, poorly soluble particles like carbon black and other poorly soluble particles. Rat tumors



Page 15

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

are a result of a secondary non-genotoxic mechanism associated with the phenomenon of lung overload. This is a species-specific mechanism that has questionable relevance for classification in humans. Thus a carcinogenicity classification for Carbon Black is not warranted.

Carcinogenicity -

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Assessment

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment

No information available.

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Carcinogenicity -

Assessment

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Carcinogenicity -

Assessment

: No information available.

Polyvinyl chloride:

Carcinogenicity -

Assessment

No information available.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Effects on foetal development

Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Rabbit, male and female

Strain: New Zealand white Application Route: Inhalation

Dose: 10% diesel exhaust emission Duration of Single Treatment: 12 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic

development were detected.

GLP: no

Remarks: By analogy with a product of similar composition

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Strain: Sprague-Dawley

Application Route: oral (gavage)
Dose: 0, 40, 200, 1000 mg/kg bw/day
Duration of Single Treatment: > 46 d



Page 16

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

GLP: yes

Effects on foetal development

Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat, male and female

Strain: Sprague-Dawley

Application Route: oral (gavage)
Dose: 40, 200, 1000 mg/kg bw/day
Duration of Single Treatment: > 46 d

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

GLP: yes

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: no data available

Effects on foetal development

Test Type: Pre-natal Species: Rat, female

Strain: wistar

Application Route: oral (gavage)
Dose: 100, 300, 1000 mg/kg bw
Duration of Single Treatment: 14 d
Frequency of Treatment: 1 daily

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments. Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female Strain: Sprague-Dawley Application Route: oral (feed) Dose: 20 - 60 -200 ppm

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: ca. 1.6 mg/kg body weight

General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1.6 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

GLP: yes

Remarks: By analogy with a product of similar composition



Page 17

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Effects on foetal : Species: Rabbit

development Strain: New Zealand white

Application Route: oral (gavage)

Dose: 4 - 20 - 80 mg/kg

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Classification as "teratogenic" is not justifiable.

Polyvinyl chloride:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: This information is not available.

Effects on foetal development

Remarks: This information is not available.

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

No information available. No information available.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Polyvinyl chloride:

Remarks: no data available

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant,



Page 18

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

repeated exposure.

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Polyvinyl chloride:

Remarks: no data available

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Species: Rat, female NOAEL: 52 mg/kg bw/day Application Route: oral (feed) Exposure time: 1 a - 2 a Number of exposures: daily Dose: 2,05 g/kg of chow diet

Group: yes Method: Other

GLP: No information available.

Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Species: Rat, male NOAEL: 0.0011 mg/l LOAEL: 0.0071 mg/l

Application Route: Inhalation Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Exposure time: 13 w

Number of exposures: 6 h per day; 5 d per week

Dose: 1,1 - 7,1 - 52,8 mg/m3

Group: yes Method: Other

GLP: No information available.

Species: Mouse, male and female Application Route: Skin contact

Exposure time: 12-18 m

Number of exposures: 3 times per week Dose: 20% carbon black suspensions

Group: yes Method: Other



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 19

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

GLP: no

Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Species: Rat, male and female NOAEL: ca. 4500 mg/kg bw/day Application Route: oral (feed)

Exposure time: 90 d Number of exposures: daily

Dose: 0, 0.3, 0.6, 1.25, 2.5 and 5 %

Group: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

GLP: no

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Species: Rat, male

NOEL: > 24000 mg/kg bw/day Application Route: oral (gavage)

Exposure time: 29 d Number of exposures: daily

Dose: 24000 mg/kg

Group: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 407 GLP: No information available.

Species: Rat, male and female

NOAEL: 0.01 mg/l

Application Route: Inhalation

Exposure time: 2 a

Number of exposures: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week

Dose: 0,0106 - 0,0507 - 0,250 mg/l

Group: yes

Method: Repeated Dose Toxicity (chronic Toxicity)

GLP: no

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Species: Rat, male and female

NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg

Application Route: oral (feed)

Exposure time: 90 d Number of exposures: daily

Dose: 10-25-50-100-250-500-1000 ppm

Group: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

GLP: no

Polyvinyl chloride:

Remarks: This information is not available.



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 20

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

No aspiration toxicity classification

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

No aspiration toxicity classification

C.I. Pigment White 6:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

No aspiration toxicity classification

Polyvinyl chloride:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Experience with human exposure

Product:

General Information : The possible symptoms known are those derived from the

labelling (see section 2).

Further information

Components:

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Test Type: adsorption Remarks: Not applicable

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Remarks: Lung damage possible.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: no data available

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Toxicity to fish : LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1,000 mg/l

End point: mortality



Page 21

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test
Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5,600 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: ves

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000

mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Remarks: not required

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Remarks: not required

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC0 (activated sludge): > 400 mg/l

End point: Bacteria toxicity (growth inhibition)

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test Method: DIN 38412

GLP: no

Toxicity to soil dwelling

organisms

Test Type: Other Method: Other

GLP: No information available.

Remarks: This product does not have any known adverse

effect on the soil organisms tested.

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h



Page 22

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: no

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Remarks: By analogy with a product of similar composition

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Remarks: not required

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

End point: Reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 10,000 mg/l

End point: Bacteria toxicity (respiration inhibition)

Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test
Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: ves

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to soil dwelling

organisms

Test Type: artificial soil

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d End point: mortality

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

GLP: yes

Test Type: artificial soil

NOEC (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): >= 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d End point: mortality

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

GLP: yes



Page 23

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Sediment toxicity : NOEC (Lumbriculus variegatus (Worm)): 1000 mg/kg dry

weight (d.w.)

Analytical monitoring: no Sediment: artificial soil Exposure duration: 28 d Basis for effect: mortality Method: OECD 225

GLP: yes

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: EPA GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: No information available.

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): >

10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Analytical monitoring: no data available Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Analytical monitoring: no data available Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: no data available

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

LC50 (Acartia tonsa): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Analytical monitoring: no data available Method: ISO 14669 and PARCOM method

GLP: yes



Page 24

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 61 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: no

Method: EPA

GLP: No information available.

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

Analytical monitoring: no data available

Method: ISO 10253

GLP: ves

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 7.31 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: Other

GLP: No information available.

Remarks: By analogy with a product of similar composition

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage):

> 1,000 mg/l

End point: Bacteria toxicity (respiration inhibition)

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: aquatic

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

NOEC (activated sludge of a predominantly domestic

sewage): >= 1,000 mg/l

End point: Bacteria toxicity (respiration inhibition)

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: aquatic

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to soil dwelling

organisms

Test Type: artificial soil

NOEC (Folsomia candida): 0,1 ->= 10 %

Exposure time: 28 d End point: mortality



Page 25

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Substance key: 000000747658 Revision Date: 09/19/2020 Version: 1-2/CDN Date of printing:04/07/2022

Method: ISO 11267

GLP: no

Remarks: By analogy with a product of similar composition This product does not have any known adverse effect on the

soil organisms tested.

Plant toxicity NOEC: >= 10 %

> Exposure time: 20 h End point: Growth

Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce) Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: Other GLP: no

Remarks: By analogy with a product of similar composition

No effect on the growth was observed.

NOEC (Hyalella azteca (Scud)): >= 100000 % Sediment toxicity

> Analytical monitoring: no Sediment: artificial soil Exposure duration: 28 d Nominal / Measured: nominal Basis for effect: mortality

Method: Other GLP: no

Remarks: By analogy with a product of similar composition

NOEC: >= 14989 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)Analytical monitoring: no data available

Sediment: Natural sediment Exposure duration: 10 d Nominal / Measured: nominal Basis for effect: mortality

Method: Other GLP: yes

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 24 mg/l

> Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: ves

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.17 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes



Page 26

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.17 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: Directive 87/302/EEC, part C, p. 89

GLP: yes

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.04 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: ves

M-Factor (Acute aquatic

toxicity)

1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Remarks: not required

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.286 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

End point: Bacteria toxicity (respiration inhibition)

Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: aquatic
Analytical monitoring: no

Method: Directive 87/302/EEC, part C, p. 118

GLP: yes

Remarks: The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal

concentration.

Toxicity to soil dwelling

organisms

Remarks: Not applicable

Plant toxicity : Remarks: Not applicable

Sediment toxicity : Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to terrestrial

organisms

: Remarks: Not applicable

Polyvinyl chloride:



Page 27

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Toxicity to fish : no toxicity, except ingestion

Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

no toxicity, except ingestion Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to soil dwelling

organisms

Remarks: Not applicable

Plant toxicity : Remarks: Not applicable

Sediment toxicity : Remarks: Not applicable

Toxicity to terrestrial

organisms

no toxicity, except ingestion Remarks: Not applicable

Persistence and degradability

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not applicable

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Concentration: 107 mg/l

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: < 1 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

GLP: no

Physico-chemical

Photodegradation

removability

Remarks: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Remarks: Not applicable

Test Type: air Sensitiser: OH



Page 28

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Concentration: 50,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 8.525E-11 cm3/s Method: other (calculated)

GLP: no

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not applicable for inorganic compound.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Concentration: 50 mg/l

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 30 - 40 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

GLP: yes

Polyvinyl chloride:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: The polymer is too large to be bioavailable. Not applicable due to insolubility in water. This product does not come into contact with the effluent when it is used for its purpose, otherwise it can be removed by filtration operations.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: not tested.

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Not applicable

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Not applicable

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 20 - 200

Exposure time: 14 d Concentration: 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Method: Other

GLP: No information available.

Remarks: Does not accumulate in organisms.



Page 29

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: inorganic

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 99 - 1,294

Exposure time: 30 d

Concentration: DOT: 0,25 - 2,5 µg/l Method: OECD Guide-line 305 B

GLP: yes

Polyvinyl chloride:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Not applicable

Mobility in soil

Product:

Distribution among : Remarks: not tested.

environmental compartments

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Distribution among : Adsorption/Soil environmental compartments : Medium: water - soil

Remarks: Not applicable

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Distribution among : adsorption environmental compartments Medium: Soil

Remarks: Not expected to adsorb on soil.

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Mobility : Remarks: Adsorption to solid soil phase is possible.

Distribution among : Adsorption/Soil environmental compartments Medium: water - soil

log Koc: 4.61 Method: Other

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Distribution among : Remarks: Not applicable

environmental compartments

Polyvinyl chloride:

Distribution among : Remarks: The product is insoluble and sinks in water.

environmental compartments



Page 30

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

Other adverse effects

Product:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Remarks: No information is available as no chemical safety

report (CSR) is required.

Additional ecological

information

Do not allow to enter ground water, waterways or waste water.

Components:

C.I. Pigment Black 7:

Environmental fate and

pathways

not available

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

The substance is not identified as a PBT or as a vPvB

substance.

Additional ecological

information

Do not allow to enter ground water, waterways or waste water.

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1:

Environmental fate and

pathways

not available

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

The substance is not identified as a PBT or as a vPvB

substance.

Additional ecological

information

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

C.I. Pigment White 6:

Environmental fate and

pathways

not available

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

Additional ecological

information

Do not allow to enter ground water, waterways or waste water.

Di-n-octyltin-bis-(2-ethylhexylthioglycolate):

Environmental fate and

pathways

not available

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

Additional ecological

information

: Do not allow to enter ground water, waterways or waste water.



Page 31

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

Version : 1 - 2 / CDN Date of printing :04/07/2022

Polyvinyl chloride:

Environmental fate and

pathways

: no data available

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Remarks: Not applicable

Additional ecological

information

: Has not been tested due to insolubility in water.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of this product in accordance with all applicable local,

state and federal regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Regulations concerning reuse or disposal of used packaging

materials must be observed.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG not restricted
IATA not restricted
IMDG not restricted

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

NPRI Components : C.I. Pigment Blue 15:1

Copper, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]-,

(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl derivs.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

Canadian lists

No substances are subject to a Significant New Activity Notification.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)



RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Page 32

 Substance key: 000000747658
 Revision Date: 09/19/2020

 Version: 1 - 2 / CDN
 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and

safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for

airborne contaminants

NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response: ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch -Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS -Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Revision Date : 09/19/2020 Date format : mm/dd/yyyy

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Page 33

RENOL-NAVY CV54800028-ZN

Substance key: 000000747658

Version: 1-2/CDN

Revision Date: 09/19/2020 Date of printing: 04/07/2022

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